

COOP Program



Program Briefing

April 2001





Background



- ✓ Volunteer Network of Over 11,000 sites
- ✓ Critical Component of U.S. Weather Infrastructure
- ✓ Only Comprehensive, Nationwide, Unbiased Source of Weather & Climate Data
- ✓ Critical for Maintaining U.S. Climate Record
- ✓ Necessary for Drought & Climate Monitoring
- **✓ Key Input for Climate and Local Weather Forecasts**





Background: External Comments



- ✓ "Vital component of the national observing capability for monitoring" National Research Council (1998)
- ✓ "Critical to national drought policy for monitoring/prediction"
 National Drought Policy Commission (2000)
- ✓ "Millions of small and large decisions, by public and private concerns, are based on COOP data" National Research Council (1998)
- ✓ "Improved temperature forecasts from the modernized COOP network are key components of DOC's response to the U.S. Energy taskforce" Task Force Member



NWS Challenges



✓ Drought & Climate Monitoring

- Fill gaps in coverage west & Alaska
- Make county-level data available

✓ Snowfall Monitoring

- Increase density/reporting for improved winter crop assessment/planning
- Currently only 1,500 sites report daily

✓ Flood Forecasts

- Increase number of gages per radar to improve radar precipitation estimates
- Reduce river height forecast error for improved flood mitigation decisions



NWS Challenges (cont.)



✓ Temperature Forecast

- Expand basis for local forecasts beyond 1,000 airport sites used today
- Make forecasts more representative of surrounding area

✓ Data Availability

- Expand real-time availability of observations beyond airports
- Eliminate current one day 2 months lag in COOP data availability

✓ Data Accuracy and Quality

- Standardize observing biases
- Improve and automate quality control of data



Project Goals



- **✓ Improve Drought & Climate Monitoring**
- **✓ Improve Snowfall Monitoring**
- **✓ Improve Flood Forecast Accuracy**
- **✓ Improve Local Forecasts**
- **✓ Increase Data Availability**



Improve Drought & Climate Monitoring



- ✓ Improve Drought Monitor from 10 County to 3 County Resolution
- ✓ Provide Hourly Climate Data from 8,000 COOP Sites
- ✓ Eliminate Large Gaps in the West and Alaska





Improve Snowfall Monitoring



- **✓ Provide Necessary Data for:**
 - ✓ Winter Crop Assessment/Planning
 - ✓ Snow Melt Estimates
- ✓ Increase Snowfall Reporting COOP Sites from 1,500 to 8,000



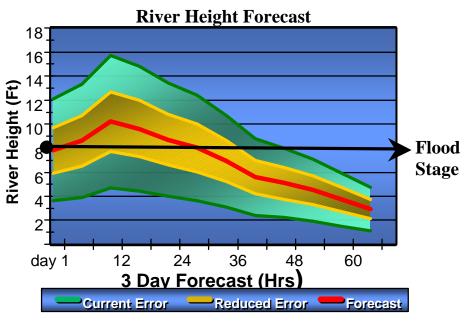






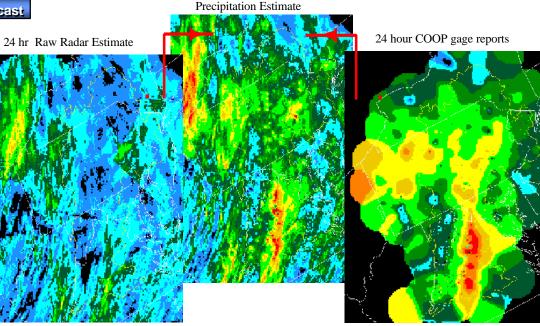
Improve Flood Forecast Accuracy





- ✓ Reduce Flood Forecast Error from 51% to 23%
- ✓ Improve River Height Forecasts Used in Flood Mitigation Decisions

✓ Improve Radar Precip Estimates by Increasing Number of Gages per Radar from 10 to 50



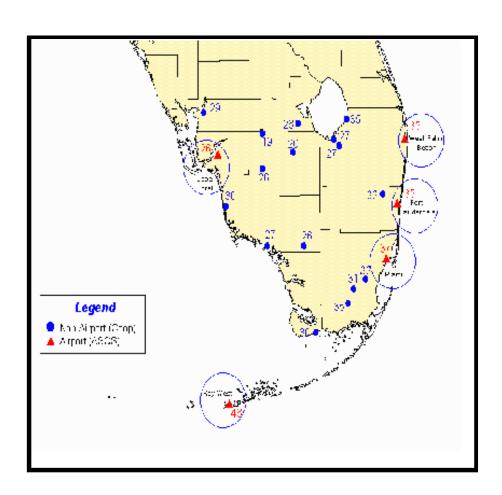
24 hour RFC-Wide Multisensor



Improve Temperature Forecast Accuracy



- **✓** Decrease Temperature Forecast Error from 4.6° F to 3.1° F
- ✓ Increase Daily Reporting Temperature Sites from 1,500 to 8,000



Devastating Florida Freeze January 18, 1997

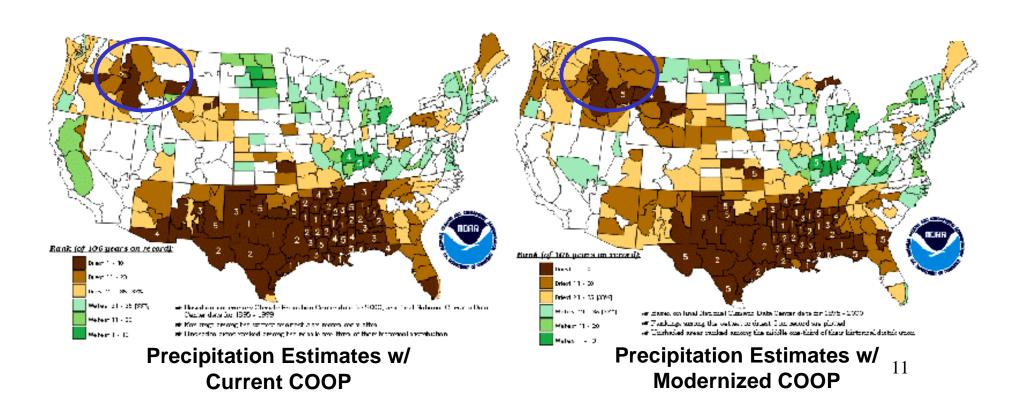
- Timely COOP observations would have allowed for more accurate county forecasts
- \$400 M in damages could have been mitigated



Increase Data Availability



- **✓ Provide Climate Data Hourly via the Internet**
- ✓ Modernized COOP Will Provide Accurate Real-Time Information During Critical Situations
 - Montana/Idaho Fires





Actions



- ✓ Modernize Temperature and Precipitation Gages at 8,000 sites
- ✓ Add Automated Data Communication, Dissemination, & Archiving to 8,000 Sites
 - Temperature and precipitation data reported every hour
 - Snowfall data reported every day
- ✓ Improve Spatial Distribution (Increase Density in West & Alaska)
- ✓ Equip 1,000 Sites with Soil Moisture, Temperature, Humidity, & Evaporation Sensors
- **✓ Disseminate All Data Via Internet**





Why is COOP the Solution?



- ✓ COOP Network Already Exists as the Only Comprehensive, Nationwide, Unbiased Source of Weather and Climate Data
- ✓ Long-Term Drought Monitoring Improvements Directly Dependent on Additional Soil Moisture and Temperature Data
- ✓ Model Improvements Cannot Replace a Comprehensive, Real-Time Surface Observing Network
- ✓ Mesonets Have Problems with Uniformity and Reliability Can Supplement, But Not Replace Official Surface Data
- ✓ Satellite Observations Do Not Report Surface Conditions Required for Local Forecasting and Climate Monitoring



Outcomes: Modernized Network



Network Elements	Current Daily Reporting Sites	Goal Daily Reporting Sites	Economic Benefits	
Temperature	1,500	8,000	 Save Consumers \$30M/day per Degree Improvement Seasonal forecast improvement 	
Precipitation	3,000	8,000	 Local power prediction Better water and drought management crop planning 	
Soil Moisture	40	1,000	Better water/drought mgmt./crop planning/spring flood outlook improvement	
Snowfall	1,500	6,000	Better water/drought mgmt./crop planning/spring flood outlook improvement	



Outcomes: Performance



Performance Metric	Current Capability	Goal		
Climate Monitoring	1 day – 2 months	Available Hourly		
Drought Monitor Resolution	10 county area	3 county area		
24 Hour Temperature Forecast Error	+/- 4.6° F	+/- 3.1° F		
Flood Forecast Error (River Height)	51%	23%		



Outcomes: Economic Benefits



Agriculture

- ✓ Better Data for Local Decision Making (Water/Drought Management/ Crop Planning)
- ✓ Droughts Cost Federal Govt. \$500M/yr.

Power Industry

- ✓ Improve Local Power Production/Pricing Efficiency
- ✓ Save Consumers \$70M/yr. per Degree Improvement

Weather Risk Industry

- ✓ Improve Market Efficiency of Climate/Weather Related Insurance Contracts

Federal Government

✓ Support County-Level Presidential Disaster Declarations for Drought, Snowstorms, Floods, etc.



Schedule



• FY 2001: Complete COOP network spacing plan (inter-agency network integration)

• FY 2003: Procure 1st 325 CWOSs & commence implementation

• FY 2004: Begin procurement & implementation of drought sensors

• FY 2010: Complete acquisition phase

• FY 2011: Complete implementation

• FY 2012: Steady-state network operation

	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
Temp./Precip	325	900	1,125	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130	1,130
Drought Sensors		333	333	334	0	0	0	0